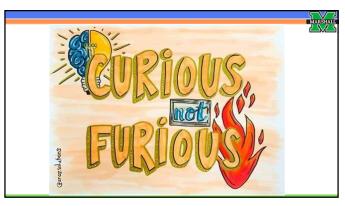


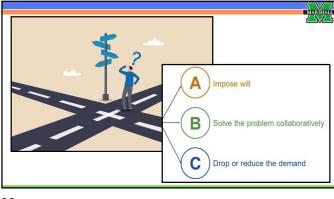
 "IF I HAD AN
HOUR TO SOLVE
A PROBLEM I'D
SPEND 55
MINUTES
THINKING ABOUT
THE PROBLEM
AND 5 MINUTES
THINKING ABOUT
SOLUTIONS."
ALBERT EINSTEIN

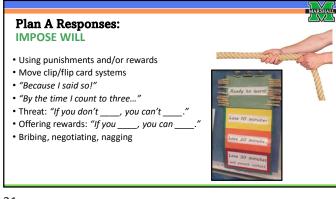
16

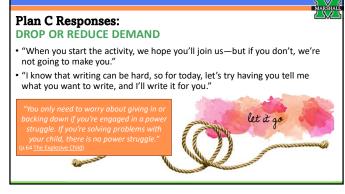
"The key to managing the difficult behaviors of young children is to **shift our thinking** to manage our own behaviors and responses to behaviors." –Dr. Rosemarie Allen

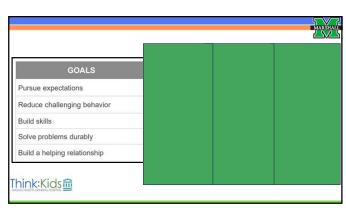






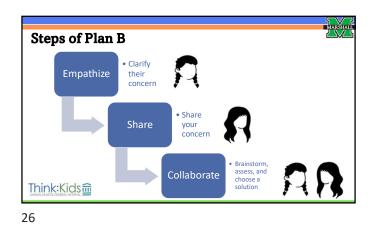


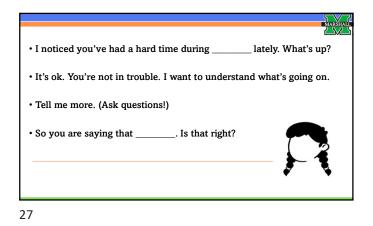


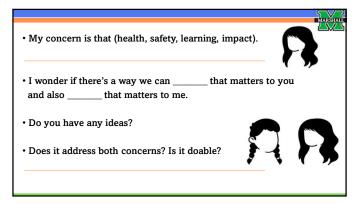


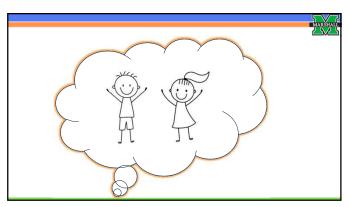


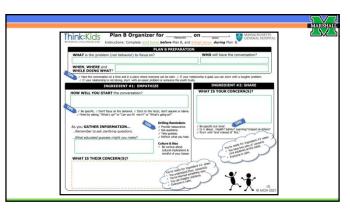
Step 2: PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED			E SOLVED
List the situations when the challenging behaviors occur: These are also known as expectations, triggers, entercadents, proclimats, arounders Safettiff bur Poblem as severificatify as possible, including with enter, where, and/or with whom the Problem happens. If assigning plan A (imposing with) or Plan C (drop it for now describe who will be responsible for following the Plan and what they will do.			
The Problem to be Solved is	rest to gather respecific info from others*	Plan (A,8,C)	
Ex. Transitioning from lunch to group on time		с	Group leader will allow them to enter late without comment or consequences
When expected to participate in the listening cente		В	<
When transitioning from breakfast to the carpet		C	
When asked to clean up from dramatic play center		С	
When expected to sit quietly during read aloud		С	
When asked to wash hands before lunch		Α	
		-	

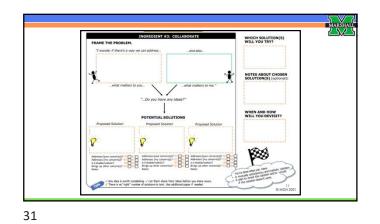


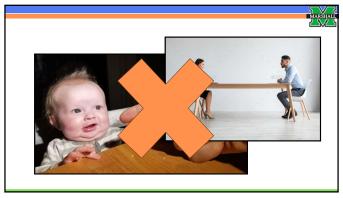




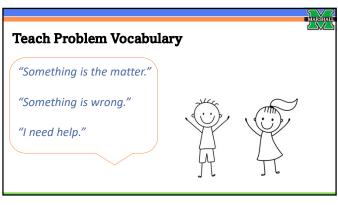










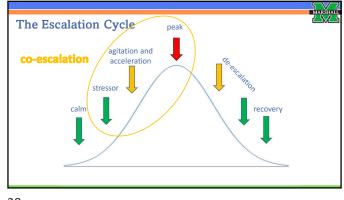


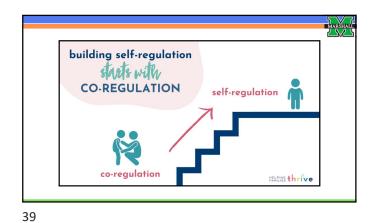






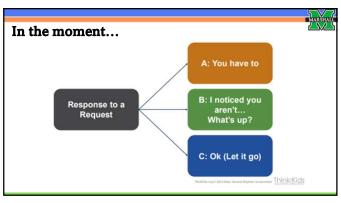


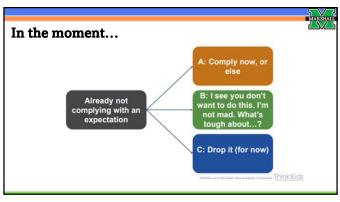




When you co-regulate: Simplify your language Slow your movement Match child's affect Soften your tone Get on child's level Validate child's feelings, no matter how irrational Listen; let them know what you hear

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